

Trust-region methods for rectangular systems of nonlinear equations

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joint work with

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We address the numerical solution of the bound-constrained nonlinear system

$$\Theta(x) = 0, \quad x \in \Omega. \quad (1)$$

Here $\Theta : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$ is a continuously differentiable mapping, $X \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ is an open set containing the feasible region Ω and Ω is an n -dimensional box, $\Omega = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : l \leq x \leq u\}$. These inequalities are meant component-wise and $l \in (\mathbb{R} \cup -\infty)^n$, $u \in (\mathbb{R} \cup \infty)^n$. Taking into account the variety of applications yielding the problem (1), we allow any relationship between m and n .

The relevance of this problem is well known. It arises in equality-constrained optimization, restoration feasibility for nonlinear programming, parameter identification problems, see [1, 2, 3]. Moreover, the general class of problems given by nonlinear system of equalities and inequalities can be cast as in (1).

We propose two trust-region methods for bound-constrained nonlinear systems. The first method is based on a Gauss-Newton model, the second one is based on a regularized Gauss-Newton model and results to be a Levenberg-Marquardt method. The globalization strategy uses affine scaling matrices arising in bound-constrained optimization. Under reasonable assumptions, these methods globally converge to a solution of (1) or to a first-order stationary point for the bound-constrained least-squares problem

$$\min_{x \in \Omega} \theta(x) = \frac{1}{2} \|\Theta(x)\|_2^2. \quad (2)$$

Further, locally quadratic convergence properties are established under standard assumptions. The algorithmic options of the methods are discussed and numerical results on several test problems are presented.

References

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