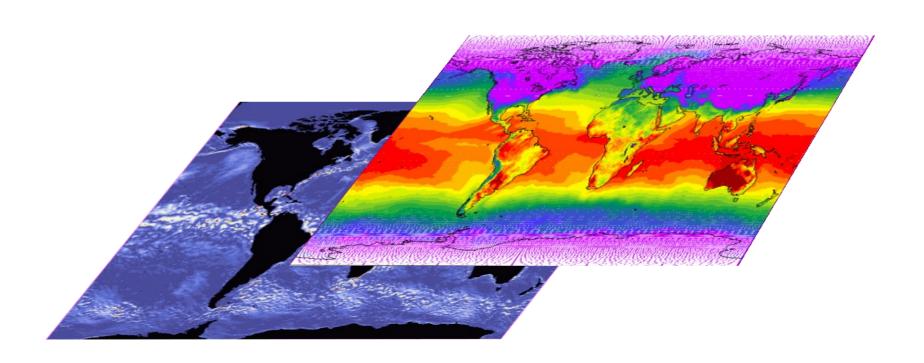




OASIS High End Computing on NEC SX9





When should I switch from Oasis3 to Oasis4 on a vector machine?

- Configuration/ Machine
- Coupling technique
- Load balancing
- Sequential coupling impact
- Pseudo-parallel coupling impact
- Oasis3 crash test ...



High end computing Coupled Model configuration







Versions ARPEGE v4 (CNRM) – NEMO v2 (Mercator) **OASIS** v3

Resolution

T359 (50Km), 31 vertical levels – ¼ degree, 50 vertical levels

Comparable to highest european configurations (HiGEM, ECMWF Monthly Forecast System ...)





Machine:

6+7 SX9 nodes (16 processors)

Rpeak/proc: 102 Gflops

1Tb / node

Global File System

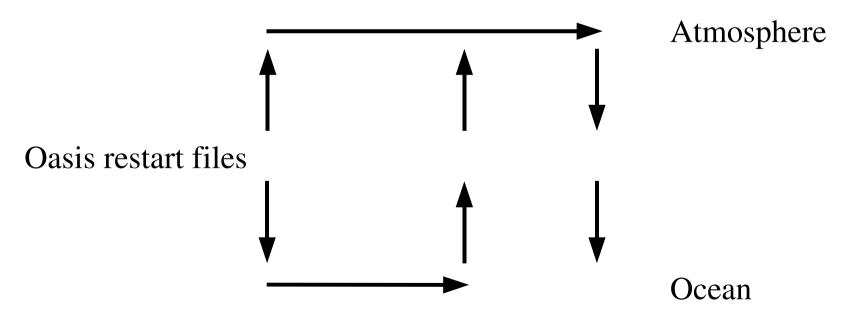
Code porting: basic optimization no Assignable Data Buffer (ADB) directives



Coupling technique

Experimental conditions:

- Ocean and Atmosphere running simultaneously (LAG option)
- MPI bufferized send (NOBSEND)

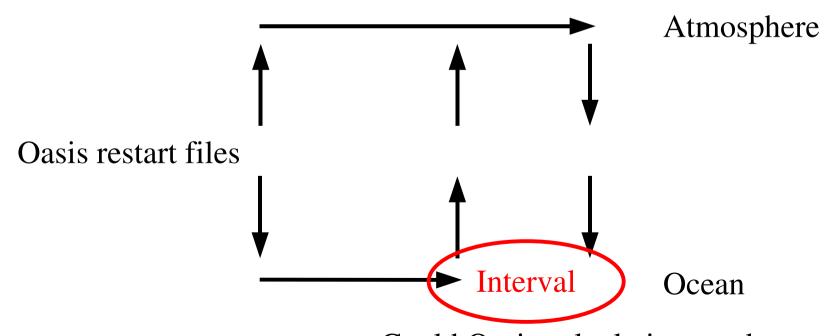






Coupling technique

Due to vector processor efficiency (parallelization on less than 10 processors), a model still remains significantly slower than the other



Could Oasis calculations and communications duration be smaller than this interval?



Time counting

Minor Oasis code modification before and after prism_get / prism_put Elapsed time measured (CPU is constant ...)

Several measures needed to estimate uncertainty (machine load dependent)

Within Oasis:

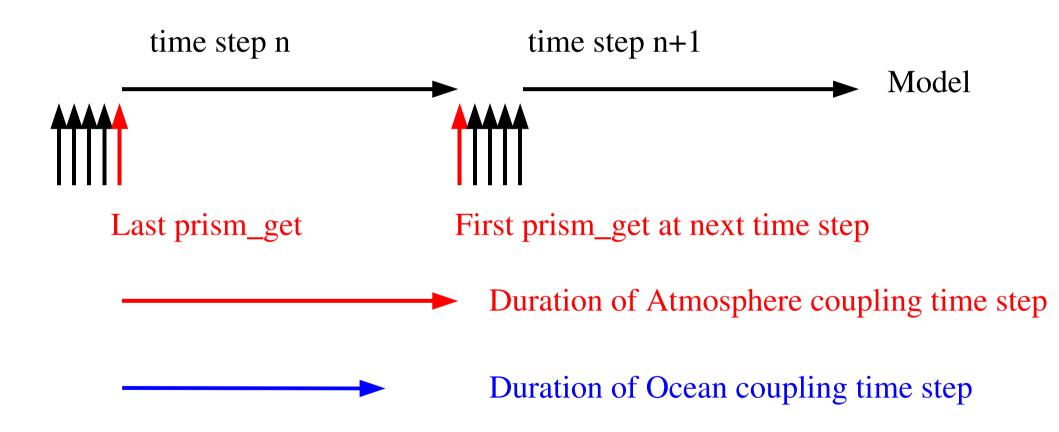
Before very first Oasis prism_get and after very last Oasis prism_put:

Total time (without NEMO restart duration)

Within model:

After prism_get of last coupling field and before prism_get of first coupling field <u>but at next time step</u>





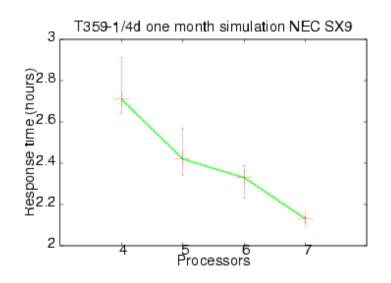
A measure of model duration (mostly) excluding coupling operations

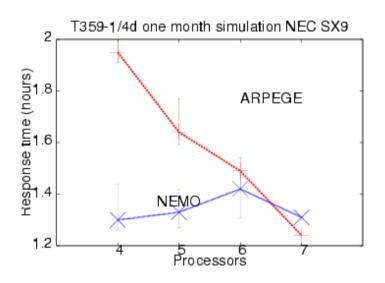
A tool to tune load balancing



Load balancing

4 processors for NEMO, 4 to 7 for ARPEGE, no extra processor for Oasis For each test simulating 4 days of climate, 9 members ensemble Ensemble mean plotted below, with errors bars (min/max)





Good balance for 6-7 processors (with reasonable speedup)

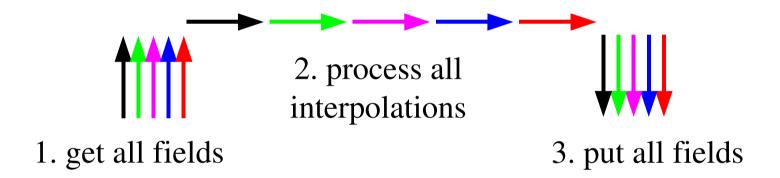
Difference between CM and slowest model: communications + interpolations + oasis process slowing down ARPEGE/NEMO processors

Difference with total elepsed time: model initialisation and restart writing

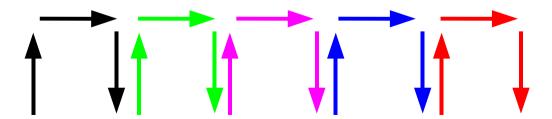


Sequential coupling impact

Standard Oasis mode



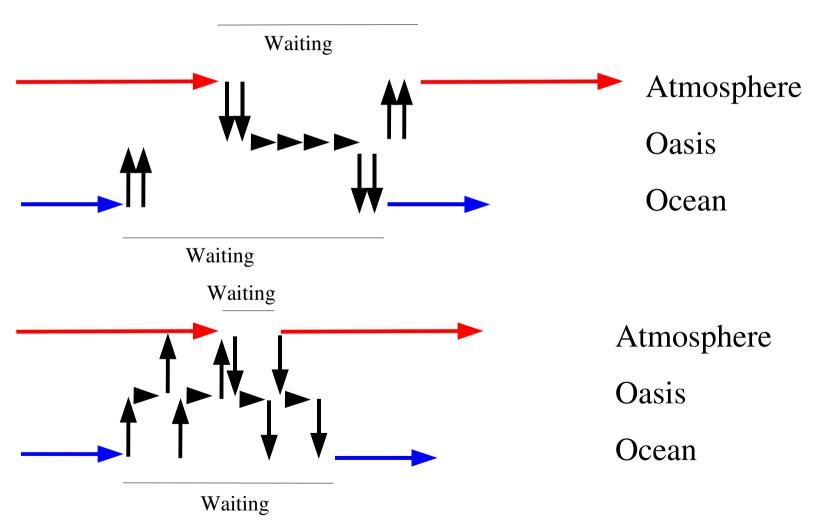
SEQuential Oasis mode (namcouple option)



get/interpolation/put field by field



Sequential coupling impact

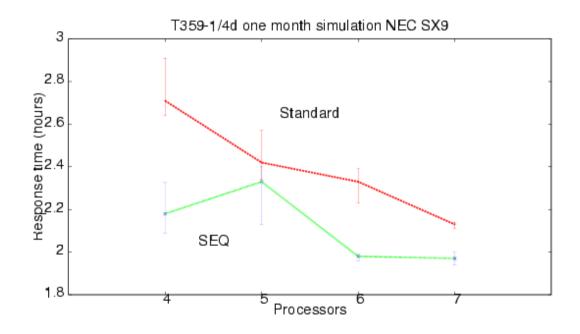


SEQ technique reduces waiting time





Sequential coupling impact

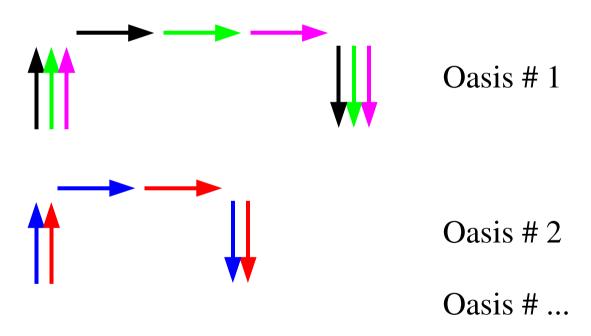


SEQ optimized configuration between 4 and 20% faster



Pseudo parallel coupling impact

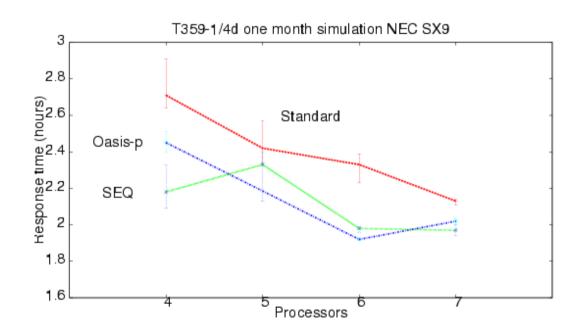
Pseudo-parallel Oasis mode (compilation option + script + namcouple)



Several Oasis executables Each Oasis process a subset of coupled fields



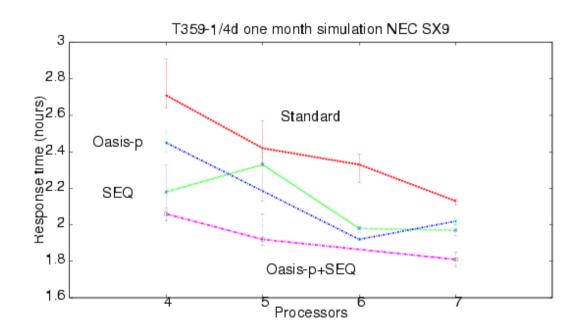
Pseudo-parallel coupling impact



Pseudo-parallel configuration between 5 and 18% faster ~ same gain than SEQuential mode



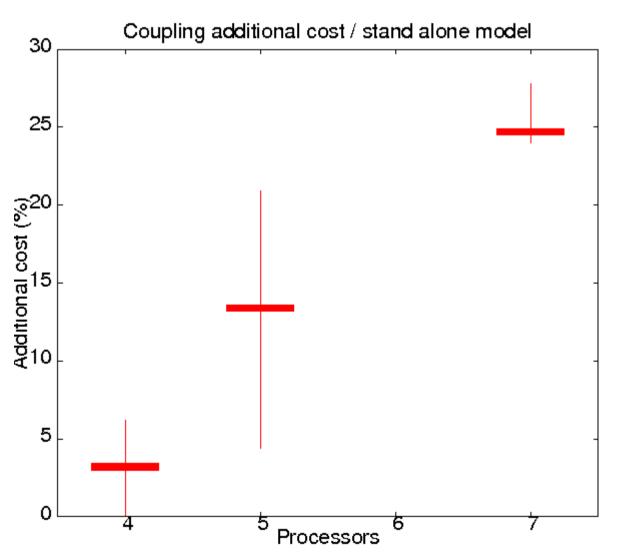
SEQ + Pseudo-parallel coupling impact



Cumulated gain: between 16 and 25 %



Coupled vs stand alone simulation time



Difficult to estimate because of restart writing time uncertainty

Without any optimization: > 50 % additional cost vs stand alone mode

With both presented optimizations:

- no additional cost for models with unbalanced duration
- could reach 25% with balanced models

It is possible to reduce even more additional cost, dedicating a processor to Oasis

Oasis Users Meeting, Toulouse, May 25



«Japanese style»

High end computing Coupled Model configuration







Versions

ARPEGEv4 (CNRM) – NEMOv2 (Mercator)

OASIS v3

Resolution

T359 (50Km), 31 vertical levels – 1/12 degree, 50 vertical levels

Tests are made possible by participation to operational health check of new MF SX9 (CPU hours for free)





OASIS3 crash test with NEMO 1/12

44 processors for NEMO, 4 for ARPEGE, 3 SX9 nodes (only !)

Model response times unbalanced (not really a crash test!)

9 members / test (2 simulated days)

Without any optimization:

8 hours (± 1%) per simulated month
With SEQ+pseudo parallel:
4h40 (± 1%) per simulated month
NEMO 1/12 forced mode:
4h10 (additional cost :10%)



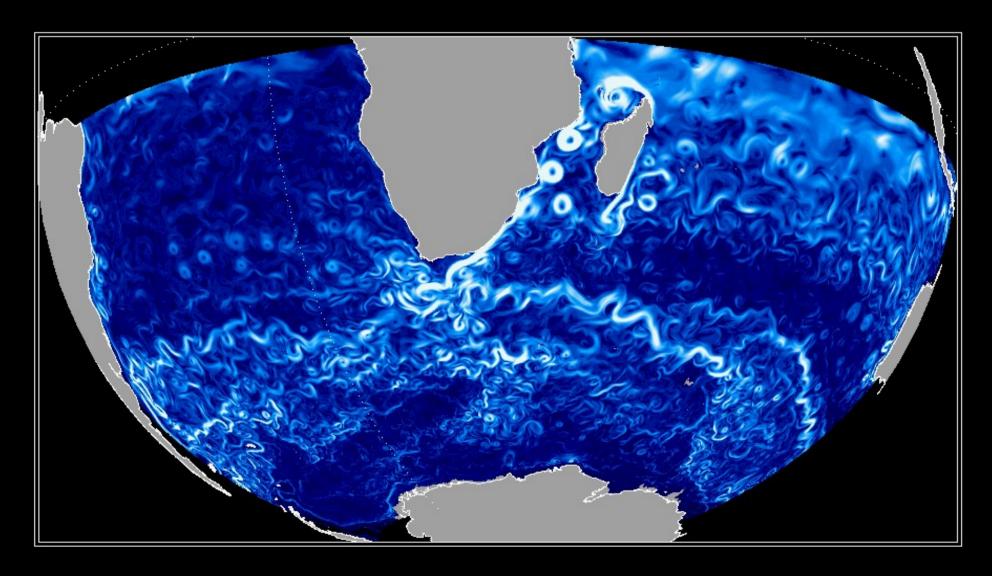


Conclusion

Additional cost due to OASIS3 coupling almost annulable if model response times are unbalanced (even with an 1/12° coupled model): it is rewarding to optimize your coupling!

With balanced durations, our high end computing coupled model is 25% slower than the slower stand alone component

Can those results be valid for smaller models on scalar machines ? ⇒ tests on IBM BG/P, SGI Altix ICE to come soon



Thanks to R. Bourdallé-Badie, O. Le Galloudec (MERCATOR), M. Pithon, M. Déqué (Météo-France), I. D'Ast, N. Monnier, S. Valcke (CERFACS)

